# به نام خداوند عظمت و مهربان English kamran

# **English kamran**



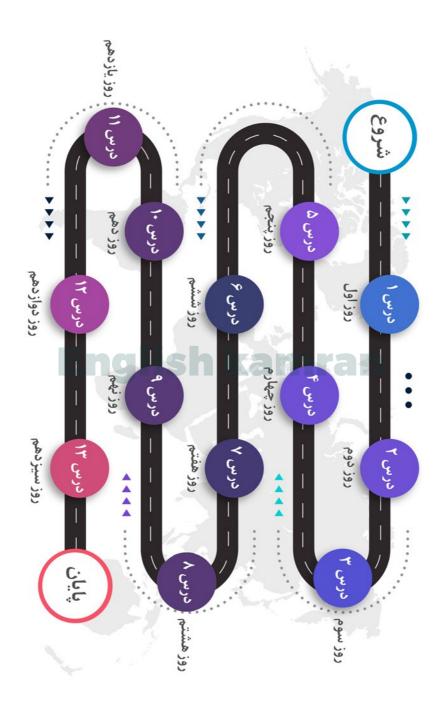
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# **English kamran**

# LESSON 1



# قبول کردن، پذیرفتن

**■(1)** 

[ək'sɛpt] v.

To accept something that is offered is to take it.

Example: I accepted the girl's very nice gift.

هدیه ی خیلی خوب دختر را قبول کردم.

#### arrange



# مرتب کردن، ترتیب دادن

To arrange things is to put them in the right place.

Example: Please arrange the bowling pins in order so we can play.

لطفا پین های بولینگ را مرتب کنید تا بتوانیم بازی کنیم.

#### attend





To attend something is to go to it.

Example: My sister and I attend the same school.

من و خواهرم در یک مدرسه حضور داریم.

#### balance



# متعادل کردن، برابر کردن

**■**(1)

['bal(ə)ns] v.

To balance something is to keep it from falling.

Example: We saw an elephant balance itself on a ball.

ما دیدیم که یک فیل روی یک توپ تعادل خود را حفظ می کند.



## تفاوت، تضاد

(kən'tra:st] n

A contrast is the sharp difference between two things.

Example: The contrast between my parents is very noticeable.

تفاوت بین پدر و مادرم، بسیار قابل توجه است.

#### encourage



# تشويق كردن

·(I)

[ın'kʌrɪdʒ] v.

To encourage someone is to make them want to do something.

Example: My football coach will encourage us when we are losing.

مربی فوتبال من، هنگام باختن ما را تشویق خواهد کرد.

#### familiar





If someone or something is familiar to you, you know them well.

Example: The two friends were very familiar with each other.

این دو دوست خیلی با هم خودمانی بودند.

#### grab



# گرفتن، قاییدن



[grab] v.

To grab is to take a hold of someone or something suddenly.

Example: I grabbed a pear from the tree.

یک گالبی از درخت برداشتم (کندم).

#### hang



# آویختن، آویزان کردن

**■**(1)

[han] v.

To hang something is to keep it above the ground.

Example: I drew a picture of my family, and my mother hung it on the wall.

من یک نقاشی از خانواده ام کشیدم و مادرم آن را روی دیوار آویخت.

#### definite



# واضح، حتمى، قطعى

√I) ['dɛf ə nɪt] adj.

If something is definite, it is certain or sure to be true.

Example: There is a definite connection between hard work and success.

ارتباطی واضح بین سخت کوشی و موفقیت وجود دارد.

# delight



[dıˈlaɪt] n.



Delight is a feeling of being very happy with something.

Example: He felt such delight after getting a promotion at work.

او چنان احساس شادمانی پس از گرفتن ترفیع در کار پیدا کرد.

#### destination



#### مقصد

(1) [desti'neisən] n.

A destination is the place where someone or something is going to.

Example: The destination of this plane is Munich, Germany.

مقصد این هواپیما مونیخ آلمان است.

#### dictate



# دیکته کردن



[dık'teit] v.

To dictate something is to read it aloud so it can be written down.

Example: He dictated his speech so his secretary could write it down.

او سخنان خود را دیکته کرد تا منشی اش بتواند آنها را یادداشت کند.

#### edge



# لبه، كنار



[edʒ] n.

The edge of something is the part of it that is farthest from the center.

Example: He ran to the edge of the cliff.

او به سمت لبه پرتگاه دوید.

#### path



[ba:o] u



A path is a way from one place to another that people can walk along.

Example: We followed a path through the woods.

ما یک مسیر را از میان جنگل دنبال کردیم.

#### resort



# متوسل شدن



[ri'zo:t] v.

To resort to something is to depend on it in order to solve a problem.

Example: I hope they don't resort to violence to end the argument.

امیدوارم آنها برای پایان دادن به بحث به خشونت متوسل نشوند.

#### shadow



#### سايه



[ˈʃædəʊ] n.

A shadow is the dark area that is made when something blocks light.

Example: The man's shadow was taller than he was.

سایه ی مرد از قدش بلندتر بود.

#### succeed



# موفق شدن



[sək'siːd] v.

To succeed is to complete something that you planned or tried to do.

Example: He will continue to work on the robot until he succeeds.

او تا زمانی که موفق شود کارش را روی ربات ادامه خواهد داد.

### suspect



[səs pekt] v.



To suspect something is to believe that it is true.

Example: I suspect that those kids stole the money.

من مشکوکم که آن بچه ها پول ها را دزدیدند.

#### valley



دره

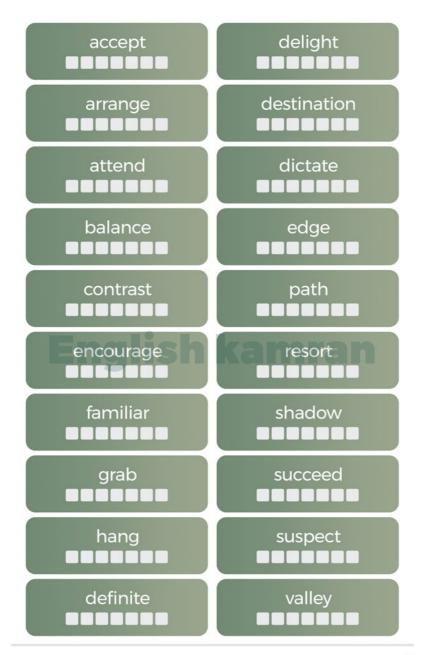
**■**(1)

['vælı] n.

A valley is a low area of land between two mountains or hills.

Example: We looked at the valley below from the top of the mountain.

ما از بالای کوه دره (در قسمت پایین) را نگاه کردیم.



Language Notes :	
English kamran	

# LESSON 2



# در مقابل

(1) [əˈgeɪnst] prep.

To be against something is to be touching it or opposed to it.

Example: They both leaned against the wall.

هر دو به دیوار تکیه دادند .

#### beach



# ساحل

m(1)

[bi:tf] n.

The beach is a sandy or rocky place by the ocean.

Example: The little girl built a sandcastle on the beach.

دخترک در ساحل یک قلعه شنی درست کرد.

### damage



To damage something is to break it.

Example: The car was damaged in the accident.

اتومبیل در حادثه خسارت دید.

# discover



# کشف کردن ، پیدا کردن

(di'sknvə] v.

To discover something is to find it for the first time.

Example: I discovered some new information in this book!

من یک سری اطلاعات جدید در این کتاب پیدا کردم

#### emotion



# احساس ، هیجان

(¹) [ı'məʊʃ(ə)n] n.

An emotion is how you feel.

Example: Anger is a common emotion that we all feel.

عصبانیت یک احساس مشترک است که همه ما حس می کنیم .

#### fix



### تعمیر کردن ، درست کردن

**■**()

[fiks] v.

To fix something is to make it work.

Example: My dad has many tools to help him fix broken things.

پدر من ابزارهای زیادی برای کمک به تعمیر چیزهای شکسته دارد

#### frank



[frank] adj.



If you are frank, you are being very honest.

Example: The teacher had a frank discussion with her students.

معلم با دانش آموزانش بحث صریحی داشت .

#### identify



# شناسایی کردن ، شناختن

() [ʌɪˈdɛntɪfʌɪ] v.

To identify something is to be able to name it.

Example: I used the file to identify his name.

من برای شناسایی نام او، از پرونده استفاده کردم.

### island



# جزيره

**■(1)** 

['Ailənd] n.

An island is land in the middle of water.

Example: Japan is a group of islands.

ژاین گروهی از جزایر است

### division



# بخش ، قسمت



[dı'vıʒən] n.

A division is the act of making smaller groups out of a larger one.

Example: The chart had six divisions which all had different colors.

نمودار دارای شش بخش بود که هر بخش دارای رنگ متفاوتی بود.

#### enable





To enable a person is to make it possible for them to do something.

Example: Having the key enabled us to open the door.

داشتن کلید به ما این امکان را داد تا در را باز کنیم.

#### frustrate



# نا امید کردن ، مایوس کردن



To frustrate is to prevent someone from fulfilling their desire.

Example: The machine frustrated me because I could not fix it.

آن دستگاه من را ناامید کرد، زیرا نمیتوانستم تعمیرش کنم.

#### govern



# اداره کردن ، حکومت کردن

**■**(1)

['gʌvən] v.

To govern is to control the public business of a country, state, or city.

The United States is governed from the White House.

ایاالت متحده توسط کاخ سفید اداره میشود.

#### plenty



# فراوان ، بسیار



['plentı] n

To have plenty of something is to have more than you need.

Example: The school had plenty of books for the students to read.

مدرسه کتاب های بسیاری برای مطالعه دانش آموزان داشت.

#### relieve



[rɪˈliːv] v.



To relieve someone is to make them feel less pain.

Example: The medicine relieved the sick boy.

دارو پسر بیمار را تسکین داد.

#### reputation



# شهرت ، خوش نامی

✓) [repjəˈteɪ[ən] n.

Reputation is the opinion that people have about someone.

Example: The doctor had a reputation for helping people.

دکتر به کمک به مردم شهرت داشت .



### سلطنتي

Royal describes something that belongs to a king or queen

Example: The king sat upon the royal throne

یادشاه روی تخت سلطنتی نشست.

**■**(1)

#### slave



#### برده





sleiv] n.

roiəl] adj.

A slave is a person who is not free and must work for someone else

Example: The slave worked very hard all day long.

آن برده در تمام طول روز بسیار سخت کار کرد.

### struggle





To struggle is to fight

against someone or something.

Example: The kids struggled with each other for the toy.

بچه ها برای اسباب بازی با یکدیگر درگیر شدند.

# stupid



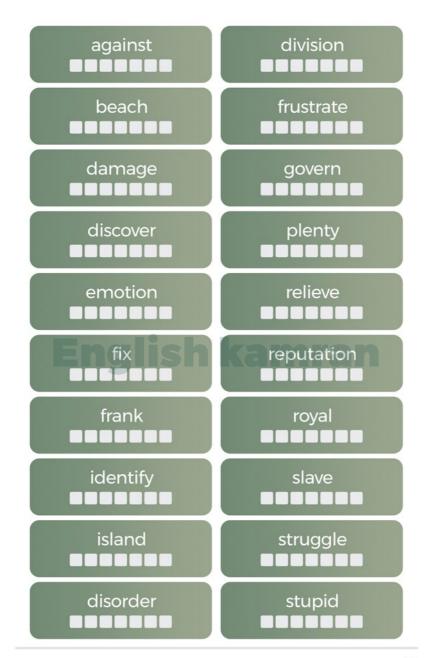
#### احمق، احمقانه

(stju:pid] adj.

When someone is stupid, they lack intelligence.

Example: He said something stupid that made everyone angry at him.

او چیزهای احمقانه ای گفت که همه را از خودش عصبانی کرد.



Lar	nguage Notes :	
	English kamran	

# LESSON 3

# benefit



# سود . مزیت . منفعت

**■**(1)

['bɛnɪfɪt] n.

A benefit is a good thing.

Example: Being able to fly is a good benefit to birds.

توانایی پرواز، مزیت خوبی برای پرندگان است

#### certain



#### مطمئري

**■**(()

səːt(ə)n] adj.

If you are certain about something, you know it is true.

Example: I am certain that zebras have stripes.

من مطمئن هستم که گورخرها خطوط راه راه دارند

#### chance



[t[a:ns] n.

A chance is an opportunity to do something.



Example: I had a chance to see the Roman Coliseum last summer.

من در تابستان گذشته فرصتی برای دیدن چند استادیومُ رمی داشتم

#### effect



تاثیر، اثر، نتیجه

**■**(1)

[ı'fɛkt] n.

An effect is a change made by something else.

Example: The medicine had a good effect on the boy.

دارو تاثیر خوبی روی آن پسر گذاشت.



## لازم، ضروري

(i) [i'sɛnʃ(ə)l] adj.

If something is essential, it is very important and necessary.

Example: It is essential to have oxygen when you scuba dive.

وقتى غواصى مى كنيد، داشتن اكسيژن ضروري است.

#### far



دور

m())

[fa:r] adj.

If something is far, it is not close.

Example: It's far going from the east coast to the west coast of America.

فاصله ی بین ساحل شرقی و ساحل غربی آمریکا دور است

#### focus





To focus on something is to think about it and pay attention to it.

Example: My mom always helps me to focus on my school work.

مادرم همیشه به من کمک می کند تا روی کار مدرسه ام تمرکز کنم

#### function



کارکرد، عملکرد

(a)) ['fʌŋ(k)ʃ(ə)n] n.

The function of something is what it does.

Example: The function of a flashlight is to help you see in the dark.

نقش چراغ قوه این است که به دید شما در تاریکی کمک می کند.

grass



چمن . علف



[grais] n.

Grass is the green leaves that cover the ground

Example: The grass looked so soft and green

چمن، بسیار نرم و سبز به نظر می رسد

income



درآمد

**■(1)** 

[ˈɪnkʌm] n.

Income is how much money a person or business makes.

Example: Her company pays her a fairly good income

شرکت او حقوق خوبی به او می پردازد

mad



When someone is mad, they are angry.

Example: Mother got mad when I didn't listen to her.

وقتی به مادر گوش نکردم، عصبانی شد

ought



باید، بایستی



[p:t] aux. v.

If someone ought to do something, then it is the right thing to do.

Example: I ought to take my library books back.

بایستی کتاب های کتابخانه را پس بدهم.

#### resist



# مقاومت كردن



[rı'zıst] v.

To resist something is to fight against it.

Example: He resisted the treatment at the hospital

او در مقابل معالجه شدن در بیمارستان مقاومت کرد.

#### reveal



# فاش کردن، آشکار کردن



[rı'vi:l] v.

To reveal is to show something.

Example: I will reveal where I hid the candy bar.

من مکانی که آب نبات ها را در آن پنهان کردم فاش خواهم کرد.

#### rid



Kamran

[rɪd] v.



To rid is to make a place free from something or someone.

Example: We rid our home of mice by using traps.

ما خانه خود را با استفاده از تله ها از شر موش خالص میکنیم.

#### sword



شمشير

**■**(1)

[so:rd] n.

A sword is a long sharp weapon

Example: They used to use swords in battles in ancient times.

آن ها در زمان های قدیم از شمشیر در جنگ ها استفاده میکردند.



# افسانه، داستان، حکایت

**■**(1)

[teil] n.

A tale is a story.

Example: She told her two friends about the wild tale of her day.

او برای دو تن از دوستانش داستان دیوانه وار آن روزش را تعریف کرد.



# در تله انداختن، دام گذاشتن

**■**(1)

[træp] v.

To trap people or animals is to capture them so they cannot get away.

Example: We trapped butterflies in a net

ما پروانه ها را در یک تور به دام انداختیم.

#### trial





A trial is the way a court discovers if a person is guilty or innocent.

Example: He went on trial for robbing the bank.

اه برای سرقت از بانک محاکمه شد.

#### violent



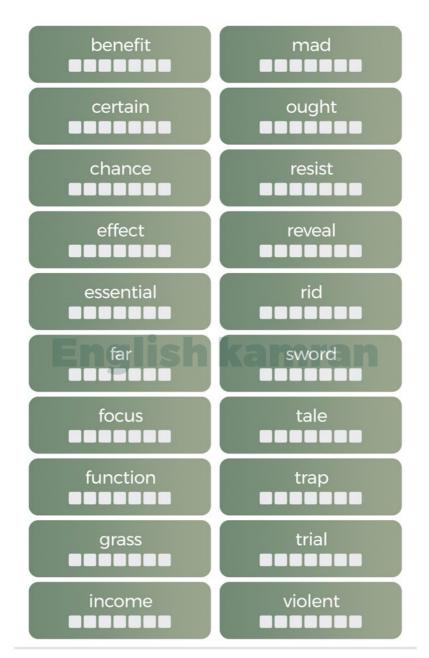
# خشن . پر شور و آشوب

('vaiələnt) adj.

When people are violent, they want to hurt someone.

Example: The man was put into jail because he was violent.

مرد به دلیل اینکه پرشور و آشوب بود به زندان افتاد.



Langua	ge Notes :		
	nglish	HKeli	

# LESSON 4

#### anymore



# دیگر

(I) [ēnimɔ:r] adv.

Anymore means any longer.

Example: Her old pants don't fit her anymore.

شلوار قدیمی او دیگر اندازه اش نیست.

#### asleep



# خوابيده، خواب



[ə'sliːp] adj.

When a person is asleep, they are not awake.

Example: The baby has been asleep for hours.

کودک ساعت ها هست که خوابیده.

## berry







A berry is a small round fruit that grows on certain plants and trees.

Example: The berry looked delicious.

توت خوشمزه به نظر می رسید.

#### collect



# جمع کردن، گردآوردن



[kəˈlɛkt] v.

To collect things is to group them together all in one place.

Example: I collected shells when I was younger.

من در جوانی (پوسته) صدف جمع کردم.

#### compete



# رقابت كردن

**■**(1)

[kəm'pi:t] v.

To compete is to try to be better than someone.

Example: He will compete with very good athletes.

او با ورزشکاران بسیار خوبی رقابت خواهد کرد.

#### conversation



# مكالمه، گفتگو

(a) [kpnvə'seif(ə)n] n.

A conversation is a talk betweenpeople.

Example: There were two conversations going on at once.

دو مکالمه به طور همزمان در جریان بود.

#### creature



A creature is any living thing.



Example: The creature we saw today was either a dolphin or a porpoise.

آن موجودی که امروز دیدیم یا یک دلفین بود یا یک گراز دریایی.

#### decision



تصميم

(di'siʒ(ə)n] n.

A decision is a choice.

Example: He made the wrong decision.

او تصمیم اشتباهی گرفت.



# یا این... یا آن

**■()** 

['iːðə] conj.

Either is used with "or" to say there are two or more possibilities.

Example: You can choose to be either white or black when you play chess.

> هنگام بازی شطرنج، می توانید انتخاب کنید که یا سفید و یا سیاه باشید.

#### genius



# نبوغ، نابغه

(1) ['dʒiːnjəs] n.

A genius is a very smart person.

Example: Since she was a genius, she easily passed all of her school exams.

از آنجا که او یک نابغه بود به راحتی تمام امتحانات مدرسه را گذراند.

## gentle



Someone who is gentle is kind and calm.

Example: He is very gentle with the baby.

او با نوزاد بسیار مهربان است.

### geography



# جغرافيا

(t) [dʒɪˈɒgrəfɪ] n.

Geography is the study of where things are.

Example: I had to draw a map for geography class.

من مجبور بودم براى كلاس جغرافيا نقشه اى بكشم.

### interfere



# مداخله کردن، مانع شدن

**■**)) [

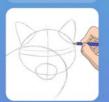
[ˌintəˈfiər] v.

To interfere is to cause problems and keep something from happening.

Example: My little sister always interferes when I'm trying to study.

خواهر کوچکم همیشه هنگامی که سعی می کنم مطالعه کنم مانع میشود.

#### lightly



#### به آرامی

·(1)

['laɪtlı] adv.

To do something lightly is to not push very hard.

Example: Draw lightly so you do not tear your paper.

برای اینکه کاغذتان را پاره نکنید به آرامی نقاشی کنید.

# principal



sh kamra,۱۲(prins

A principal is a person in charge of a school.



Example: My school's principal can be very strict with the rules.

مدیر مدرسه ام میتواند در مورد قوانین بسیار سخت گیر باشد.

row



ردیف، صف

m(1)

[rou] n.

A row is a line of things.

Example: James put all of his toy soldiers into neat rows.

جیمز تمام سربازان عروسکی خود را در ردیف های مرتب قرار داد.

#### shelf



(ا▶ قفسه

A shelf is a place on a wall where you put things.

Example: I keep my clothes on a shelf in my closet.

من لباس هایم را در یک قفسه در کمد نگه می دارم.

#### spite



### بدجنسی، دشمنی

**◄**)) [spart] n.

[[elf] n.

If you do something out of spite, you want to be mean.

Example: He snuck into his sister's room and stole her bag out of spite.

او یواشکی به داخل اتاق خواهرش رفت و از روی بدجنسی و کبنه کیف او را دزدید.

#### super



[ˈsuːpər] adj.



Super means really good.

Example: My dad said I did a super Job cleaning the house.

پدرم گفت که من یک کار فوق العاده در تمیز کردن خانه انجام داده ام.

# wet

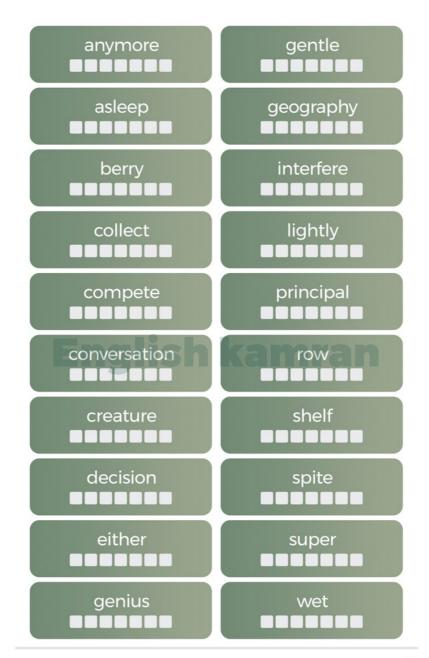


خيس 🜓 (wet] adj.

If something is wet, it has water on it.

Example: Since my dog was wet, he tried to shake all the water off his body.

از آنجا که سگم خیس بود، سعی کرد تمام آب را از بدنش بتکاند.



La	nguage Notes :
	English kamran

## LESSON 5

#### alone



#### تنها

**■**(1)

[əˈləʊn] adj.

If someone is alone,

they are not with another person.

Example: The boy wanted to be alone to think.

پسر می خواست تنها باشد تا فکر کند.

#### apartment



#### آيارتمان



An apartment is a set of rooms in a building where people live.

Example: She has a nice apartment in the city.

او یک آیارتمان قشنگ در شهر دارد .

#### article



An article is a story

in a newspaper or magazine.

Example: Did you read the article in the newspaper about the soccer game?

آیا شما آن مقاله را در روزنامه درباره بازی فوتبال خوانده اید؟

#### artist



#### هنرمند



['aːtɪst] n.

An artist is a person who paints, draws, or makes sculp-

Example: He went to Paris to become an artist.

او به پاریس رفت تا هنرمند شود

#### attitude



#### نگرش ، روش و رفتار ، طرز برخورد الله (ˈætitjuːd] n.

Someone's attitude is the way they feel and think.

Example: John has a bad attitude. He's always angry.

جان رفتار بدی دارد. او همیشه عصبانی است.

#### compare



#### مقايسه كردن



To compare means to say how two things are the same and different.

Example: If you compare cats and dogs, you'll see that they're both good pets.

اگر گربه ها و سگ ها را مقایسه کنید، خواهید دید که هر دو حیوانات خانگی خوبی هستند.

#### judge

## قضاوت کردن ، داوری کردن



To judge something is to say if it is good or bad.

Example: The boy was going to judge how his mother's turkey tasted.

پسر داشت مزه ی بوقلمون مادرش را قضاوت می کرد.

#### magazine



#### محله



A magazine is a regular publication with news, stories, and articles.

Example: She likes to read fashion magazines

او دوست دارد تا مجله های مد را بخواند.



#### مواد، جنس، جسم



(i) (i) (i) (ii) (iii) (

A material is what is used to make something.

Example: Brick is a good material for building houses.

آجر ماده خوبی برای ساخت خانه است .

#### fund



#### سرمايه، اندوخته، صندوق



[fʌnd] n.

A fund is an amount of money that people have.

Example: We all put money into our club's fund.

همه ما در صندوق باشگاهمان یول می گذاریم.

#### generous





When someone is generous, they like to give things to people.

Example: The generous man donated several new computers to our school

مرد سخاوتمند چندین کامپیوتر جدید به مدرسه ما اهدا کرد.

#### ingredient



#### تركيب، اجزا

(1) [in'gri:dient] n.

An ingredient is something that is part of a food dish.

Example: The main ingredients in cake are eggs, sugar and flour.

ترکیبات اصلی در کیک تخم مرغ، شکر و آرد هستند.



## اصرار کردن



[in'sist] v.

To insist means to be

firm in telling people what to do.

Example: I insist that you try some of these cookies.

من اصرار دارم که مقداری از این شیرینی ها را امتحان کنید.

#### mess



#### بهمريختگي

·(I)

[mes] n.

A mess is a condition that is not clean or neat.

Example: Heather's room was a complete mess.

اتاق هيتر كاملا بهم ريخته بود.

#### metal





Metal is a strong material people use to build things.

Example: Steel is a common metal that is used to build buildings.

> فولاد یک فلز متداول است که در ساختن ساختمان ها استفاده می شود.

#### monitor



#### کنترل کردن ، زیر نظر داشتن

(mpnitər] v.

To monitor people

or things is to watch them closely.

Example: The teacher monitors the students when they take tests.

معلم دانش آموزان را زمانی که امتحان می دهند کنترل می کند.

#### oppose



#### مخالفت كردن

**■**()

[əˈpəʊz] v.

To oppose something

means to dislike it or act against it.

Example: I want to be a police officer because I oppose crime.

من ميخواهم يک افسر پليس شوم زيرا با جرم و جنايت مخالف هستم.

#### passive



#### بي اراده ، غير فعال

**■**(1)

['pæsıv] a.

If a person is passive, they do not take action to solve problems.

Example: Marcie is so passive that she never solves her own problems

مارسی آنقدر بی اراده است که هرگز مشکلات خودش را حل نمی کند.

#### quantity



kwnnt

kwpntəti] n



A quantity is a certain amount of something.

Example: I have a small quantity of milk in my glass.

من در لیوانم مقدار کمی شیر دارم.

#### sue



#### شكايت كردن

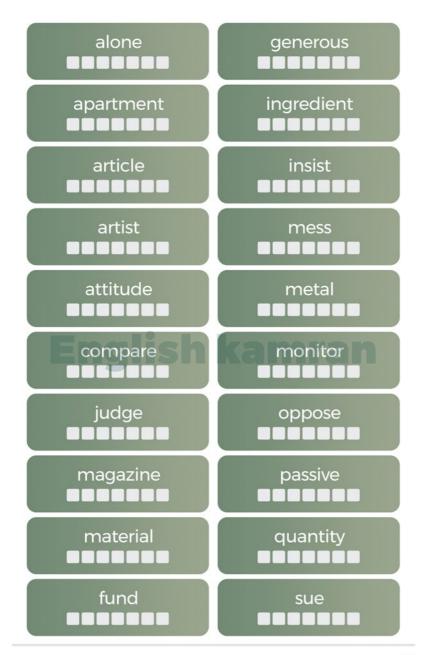


[su:] v.

To sue someone is to take them to court for something wrong they did.

Example: I sued the company after I slipped on a banana peel in their hallway.

من از این شرکت پس از اینکه در راهروی آنها بر روی یک پوست موز لیز خوردم شکایت کردم.



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# LESSON 6

#### blood



خون الله غون الله عنون ال

Blood is the red liquid in your body.

Example: I cut my finger and got blood on my shirt.

انگشتم را بریدم و روی پیراهنم خون ریخت.

#### burn



#### سوزاندن، سوختن

m(1)

[bəːn] v.

To burn something is to set it on fire.

Example: I burned some wood in the camp fire.

من چند تا چوب را آتش زدم.

#### cell



[sel] n.



A cell is a small room where a person is locked in.

Example: The jail cell was very small.

سلول زندان بسیار کوچک بود.

#### contain



#### شامل بودن، در بر داشتن

**(1)** 

[kən'tein] v.

To contain something is to have it inside.

Example: The mailbox contained a letter.

صندوق پستی حاوی یک نامه بود.



#### درست، صحیح

(kəˈrɛkt] adj.

To be correct is to be right.

Example: All of my answers on the test were correct.

تمام جواب های من در آزمون، صحیح بود.

#### crop



#### محصول

·(I)

[krpp] n.

A crop is food that a farmer grows.

Example: Wheat is a crop that is made into bread.

گندم محصولی است که به نان تبدیل می شود.

#### demand





To demand something is to say strongly that you want

Example: The workers demanded to be paid more money.

کارگران خواستار دریافت پول بیشتری شدند.

#### equal



### برابر، مساوی

(i:kw(ə)l] adj.

To be equal is to be the same.

Example: Both students are equal in age.

هر دوی دانش آموزان، در سن، برابر هستند.

#### feed



#### غذا دادن



[fi:d] v.

To feed is to give food.

Example: Mother feeds my baby brother everyday.

مادر هر روز به برادر کوچکم غذا می دهد.

#### initial



#### اولیه، نخستین



[ıˈnɪʃəl] adj.

When something is initial,

it is the first thing.

Example: The initial step when writing a paper is to find a good topic.

قدم اول هنگام نوشتن یک مقاله، پیدا کردن موضوع خوب است.

#### intense



[in'tens] adi



If something is intense,

it is very strong.

Example: The skunk made an intense odor that filled the air.

راسوی متعفن آمریکایی بوی شدید (غلیظی) ایجاد کرد که هوا را پر کرد.

#### lend



قرض دادن

**■**(1)

[lend] v.

To lend something is to give it to someone for a short time.

Example: My sister lost her pen, so I will lend her mine.

خواهرم خودکارش را گم کرد، بنابراین من مال خودم را به او قرض میدهم.

#### peak



قله

**■**(1)

[pi:k] n.

The peak is the very top of a mountain.

Example: There is snow on the peaks of those mountains.

روی قله ی آن کوه ها برف وجود دارد.

#### potential



#### احتمالي

(1) [pəˈtenʃəl] adj.

Potential means capable of being but not yet in existence.

Example: I've thought of some potential problems with your idea.

به برخی از مشکالت بالقوه درباره نظرت فکر کرده ام.

#### pride



[praid] n.



When you have pride, you are happy with yourself.

Example: I take pride in getting good grades.

من از گرفتن نمره های خوب افتخار می کنم.

#### proof



مدرک

**■**(1)

[pru:f] n.

Proof is a fact that shows something is real.

Example: They used his fingerprint as proof for the crime he committed.

آنها از اثر انگشت او به عنوان مدرک برای جنایتی که مرتکب شده بود استفاده کردند.

#### quit



### ترک کردن، رها کردن

**■()** 

[kwit] v.

To quit something means to stop doing it.

Example: I quit running because I got tired.

من از دویدن دست کشیدم زیرا خسته شده بودم.

#### spin



#### چرخیدن



[spin] v.

To spin is to turn around in circles.

Example: The boy kept spinning until he fell down.

پسر همچنان می چرخید تا اینکه پایین افتاد.

#### tiny



## kamran

['taını] adj

When people or things are tiny, they are very small.

Example: A baby's hand is tiny.

دست یک نوزاد خیلی کوچک است.

#### tutor



#### معلم خصوصي

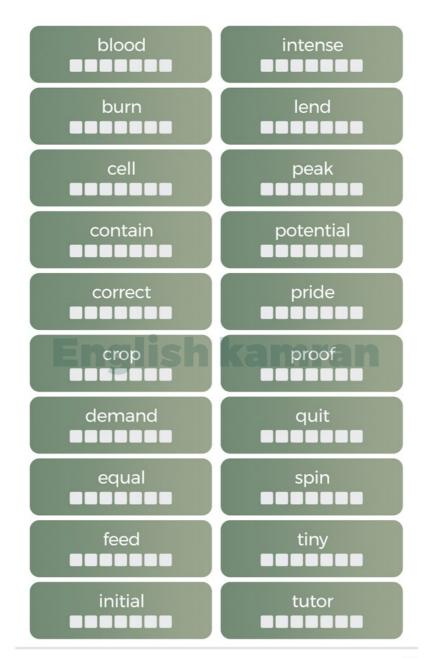


[ˈtjuːtər] n.

A tutor is someone who gives lessons in a certain subject.

Example: My sister is bad at math. So my mother hired a tutor to help her.

خواهرم در ریاضی ضعیف است .بنابراین مادرم یک معلم خصوصی استخدام کرد تا به او کمک کند.



Language	e Notes :		
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## LESSON 7

#### coach



مربی (۱) [kəʊtʃ] n.

A coach is a

person who teaches sports.

Example: My coach gets very excited during games.

مربی من در طی بازی ها بسیار هیجان زده می شود.

#### control



#### کنترل کردن ، نظارت کردن

(kən'trəʊl] v.

To control something is to make it do what you want.

Example: To control the TV, just push the buttons.

برای کنترل کردن تلویزیون، فقط دکمه ها را فشار دهید.

#### description



## توضیح ، توصیف ، شرح

(a) [dɪˈskrɪpʃ(ə)n] n.

A description of someone or something says what they are like

Example: I gave a description of the man with the gun and hat to the police.

آن مرد با اسلحه و کلاه را برای پلیس توصیف کردم.

#### direct



#### مستقيم

(di'rɛkt] adj.

If something is direct, it goes straight between two places.

Example: The green path is a direct route to my house.

مسیر سبز یک مسیر مستقیم به خانه من است.



#### امتحان

**■()** 

[ıg'zam] n.

An exam

is a test.

Example: I did some practice questions for the math exam on the board.

من چند سوال را در مورد امتحان ریاضی روی تخته حل کردم.

#### example



#### نمونه ، مثال

(a) [ig'za:mp(a)] n.

An example of something is a thing that is typical of it.

Example: Cola is an example of a soft drink.

کولا نمونه ای از یک نوشیدنی غیرالکلی است.

#### limit



A limit is the largest or smallest amount of something that you allow.

Example: My mother put a limit on how much I could use the phone.

> مادرم محدودیتی برای اینکه چقدر می توانم از تلفن استفاده کنم ، ایجاد کرد.

#### local



محلي

(¹) ['ləʊk(ə)l] adj.

If something is local,

it is nearby.

Example: The local market in my neighborhood sells all the food we need.

بازار محلی در همسایگی ام، تمام غذایی که نیاز داریم را می فروشد.

#### magical



#### جادویی ، سحرآمیز



Magical describes a quality that makes someone or something special.

Example: The fireworks made the night sky look so magical.

آتش بازی شهر را بسیار جادویی جلوه می دهد.

#### ignore



#### نادیده گرفتن ، رد کردن

**■**())

[ıg'nɔːr] v.

To ignore something is to act like you do not see or hear it.

Example: I ignored the message he was making and kept studying.

پیامی که داشت می فرستاد را نادیده گرفتم و به مطالعه کردن ادامه دادم.

#### obvious



['pbviəs] adj.



If something is obvious, it is clear and easily seen.

Example: It was obvious that he was tired. He kept falling asleep.

واضح بود که خسته است .او مدام به خواب می رفت.

#### physics



#### فىزىك



['fızıks] n.

Physics is a science that deals with energy and how it affects things.

Example: In physics class, we used Newton's Cradle to learn about energy.

در کلاس فیزیک ما از قانون نیوتون برای یادگیری در مورد انرژی استفاده کردیم.

#### portion



#### بخش ، قسمت

(¹) ['pɔːrʃən] n.

A portion of something is a part of it.

Example: I only ate a small portion of the pizza.

من فقط بخش کوچکی از پیتزا را خوردم.

#### remind



#### به یاد آوردن

(I) [ri'maind] v.

To remind someone is to tell them to remember to do something.

Example: Nick's dad reminded him to do his homework.

پدر نیک به او یادآوری کرد که تکالیفش را انجام دهد.

#### secretary



sekraterij i



A secretary is a person who works in an office.

Example: Rebecca asked her secretary to type a report.

ربکا از منشی خود خواست که گزارشی را تایپ کند.

#### severe



#### طاقت فرسا ، شدید

(sı'vıə:r] adj.

If something is severe,

it is very bad or serious.

Example: After hitting his hand with the hammer, Sam was in severe pain.

سام پس از آن که دستش با چکش آسیب دید درد طاقت فرسایی داشت.



#### استعداد

**■**(1)

['tælənt] n.

If someone has a talent, they are naturally able to do it well.

Example: Maria has a talent for playing the piano.

ماریا در نواختن پیانو استعداد دارد.

#### thesis



#### قضیه ، فرضیه ، پایان نامه

**■**(1)

[ˈθiːsɪs] n.

A thesis is an

idea that needs to be proved.

Example: She did not support her thesis very well.

او خیلی خوب از پایان نامه خود حمایت نکرد.

#### uniform



A uniform is a piece of clothing worn by people of the same group.

Example: All the members of our marching band wear matching uniforms.

همه اعضای گروه رژه ما لباس فرم یک دست می پوشند.

#### vision



#### بينايي



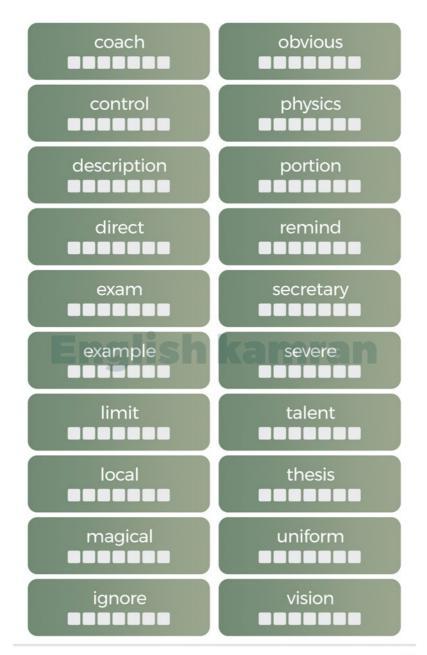
**■(1)** 

['vɪʒən] n.

Vision is the act of seeing.

Example: The eye doctor tested my vision.

چشم پزشک بینایی من را سنجش کرد.



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# LESSON 8



### از میان ، به طرف دیگر ، از عرض (aˈkrɒs] prep.

To go across something is to go to the other side of it. Example: He walked across the board to the other side.

او در کنار تخته به طرف دیگر قدم زد .

#### breathe



#### نفس کشیدن

**■**(1)

[briːð] v.

To breathe means to let air go in and out of your body.

Example: We need strong healthy lungs to help us breathe well.

ما به ریه های سالم و قوی نیاز داریم تا به خوبی به ما در نفس کشیدن کمک کنند

#### characteristic





A characteristic is something that shows what a person or a thing is like.

Example: One characteristic of tigers is their black stripes.

یکی از ویژگی های ببرها، راه راه های سیاه آن هاست.

#### consume



### مصرف كردن

(kən'sjuːm] v.

To consume something means to eat or drink it.

Example: Jack consumed a whole plate of spaghetti.

جک، یک بشقاب کامل اسیاگتی را مصرف کرد.

#### excite



#### (اله هیجان انداختن انداختن

To excite someone means to make them happy and interested

Example: I heard about the school dance on Friday. This excited me.

روز جمعه درباره رقص مدرسه شنیدم. این مرا هیجان زده کرد.

#### extreme



#### شدید ، بی نهایت

(ikˈstriːm] adj.

If something is extreme, it is in a large amount or degree.

Example: His workout was so extreme that he was sweating heavily

تمرین او به حدی شدید بود که به شدت عرق می کرد.

#### fear



[fiə] n.



Fear is the feeling of being afraid.

Example: I have a great fear of skateboarding.

من از اسکیت بورد ترس زیادی دارم.

#### fortunate



### خوش شانس

(t) ['foːtʃ(ə)nət] adj.

If you are fortunate, you are lucky.

Example: I was fortunate to get a seat.

من خوش شانس بودم که یک صندلی بگیرم.

#### happen



#### (ا▶ اتفاق افتادن ، تصادفا برخورد کردن

['hap(ə)n] v.

If someone happens to do something, they do it by

Example: I happened to meet some new friends at school today.

من امروز اتفاقا با بعضى از دوستان جديد در مدرسه ملاقات مي كنم.

#### double



#### دو برابر

·(I)

['dnbəl] adj.

If something is double, it is twice as much, or twice as

Example: I paid almost double the amount for that shirt.

من تقریبا دو برابر یول آن پیراهن را پرداخت کردم.

#### elevate





To elevate something is to put it at a higher level.

Example: The man elevated the picture so he could see it better.

مرد عکس را بالا برد تا بهتر بتواند آن را ببیند.

#### flavor



#### طعم

**■**(1)

['fleivər] n.

A flavor is the taste of food or drinks.

Example: The flavor of the ice cream was very good.

طعم آن بستنی بسیار خوب بود.

#### foundation



#### موسسه ، بنیاد

(1) [faʊnˈdeɪʃən] n.

A foundation is a group that provides money for research.

Example: The foundation raised money to give scholarships to students.

بنیاد برای اعطای بورسیه تحصیلی به دانش آموزان/دانشجویان پول ( بودجه ) را افزایش داد.

#### generation



#### نسل

(d) [,dgenə'reifən] n.

A generation is a group of people who live at the same time

Example: My grandparents are from a different generation than me.

پدربزرگ و مادربزرگ من از نسلی متفاوت با نسل من هستند.

#### handle

## sh kamra,n

['hændl] n.



A handle is the part of an object people hold while using it.

Example: The pot is very hot. So pick it up by the handle.

قابلمه بسیار داغ است پس آن را با دسته بردارید.

#### layer



لايه

**■**(1)

['leɪə:r] n.

A layer covers over something or is between two things.

Example: There was a layer of snow on the tops of the houses this morning.

امروز صبح یک لایه برف در بالای خانه ها وجود داشت.

#### mud



گل و لای ، گل ، لجن

**■()** 

[mʌd] n.

Mud is soft, wet dirt.

Example: My brother played rugby in the mud. Now he's dirty.

برادرم در گل و لای راگبی بازی کرد .اکنون او کثیف است.

#### smooth



نرم

**■**(1)

[smuːð] a.

If something is smooth, it has no bumps.

Example: The baby's skin felt very smooth.

پوست نوزاد حس خیلی نرم و لطیفی داشت.

#### soil

## lish kamra,n

[soil] n.



Soil is the top layer of land on the Earth.

Example: The boy planted flowers in the soil and watered them every day.

یسر گلها را در خاک کاشت و آن ها را هر روز آبیاری کرد.

#### unique



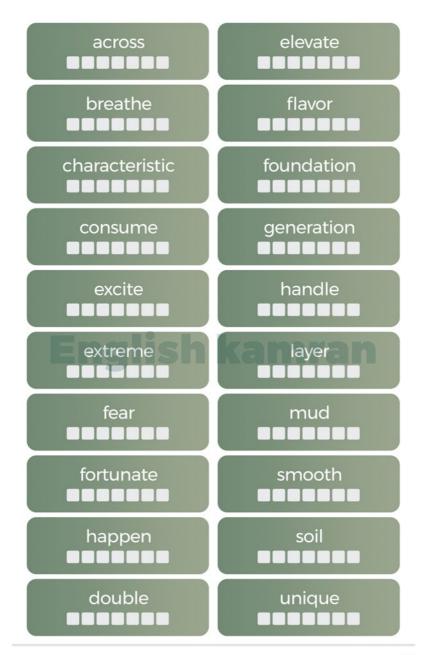
منحصر به فرد ، بی نظیر

(iju:'ni:k] adj.

If people or things are unique, they are not like the others.

Example: Her dog is unique. I've never seen one quite like it.

سگ او منحصر به فرد است .من هرگز سگی شبیه آن ندیده ام.



La	nguage Notes :
	English kamran

# LESSON 9

#### academy



### آکادمی ، آموزشگاه

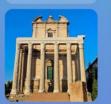
(i) [əˈkadəmi] n.

An academy is a special type of school.

Example: There are many courses taught at the academy that I go to.

درس های زیادی در آکادمی که من به آن جا می روم، تدریس می شود.

#### ancient



#### باستانی ، کهن

(a) ['eɪnʃ(ə)nt] adj.

If something is ancient, it is very old.

Example: I want to see the ancient buildings in Rome.

من می خواهم ساختمان های باستانی در رم را ببینم .

#### board



[bo:d] n.



A board is a flat piece of wood.

Example: The sign was made of a few wooden boards.

این تابلو از چند تا تخته چوبی ساخته شده است.

#### century



#### قرن

() ['sɛntʃʊri] n.

A century is one hundred years.

Example: Our company is celebrating a century of business in London.

شرکت ما قرار است به مناسبت یک قرن تجارت در لندن، جشن بگیرد .

#### clue



# سر نخ

**■(1)** 

[kluː] n.

A clue is a fact or object that helps solve a mystery or

Example: The detective found some clues on the sidewalk.

کارآگاه تعدادی سر نخ در پیاده رو پیدا کرد.

#### concert



#### كنسرت

**■()** 

[kənˈsəːt] n.

A concert is an event where you listen to people play music.

Example: I enjoyed the concert last night. The band was very good.

ديشب از كنسرت لذت بردم. گروه خيلي خوبي بود.

#### county



[kaʊnti] n.



A county is the largest political division of a state in the US.

Example: He wanted to represent the citizens of his county.

او می خواست که نماینده شهروندان استان خود باشد.

#### dictionary



# فرهنگ لغت

**◄**1) ['dıkʃ(ə)n(ə)ri] n.

A dictionary is a book

that tells you what words mean.

Example: I use the dictionary to learn new words.

من برای یادگیری کلمات جدید از فرهنگ لغت استفاده می کنم

#### exist



# وجود داشتن

**■**(1)

[ıg'zıst] v.

To exist is to be real.

Example: Do you really think that unicorns ever existed?

واقعا فكر مى كنى كه تك شاخ ها روزگارى وجود داشته اند؟

#### last



# طول کشیدن

**■**(1)

[læst] v.

To last is to continue or go on for an amount of time.

Example: The football match lasted for nearly two hours.

مسابقه فوتبال حدودا دو ساعت طول کشید.

#### likeness



[ˈlaɪknɪs] n.



Likeness means the state of being like, or resemblance.

Example: Michelle bears a strong likeness to her older sister Kate.

میشل شباهت زیادی به خواهر بزرگترش کیت دارد.

#### moreover



# علاوہ بر این

(I) [mɔːˈrəʊvər] adv.

Moreover means besides or in addition to something.

Example: It's cold outside. Moreover, the wind is very strong.

بیرون هوا سرد است .علاوه بر این، باد بسیار شدید است.

#### perspective



# دیدگاه

(1) [pə:rspektɪv] n.

A perspective is the way you think about something.

Example: The man's speech gave me a new perspective on our country.

سخنرانی آن مرد دیدگاه جدیدی درباره ی کشورمان به من داد.

#### rational



#### منطقى

(ræʃənl] adj.

When something is rational, it is normal or practical.

Example: It is hard to think in a rational way when you are scared.

وقتی که می ترسید، خیلی سخت است که به شیوه منطقی فکر کنید.

#### recover





To recover is to go back to normal after something bad happens.

Example: I hope the city will recover soon after the flood.

امیدوارم که شهر به زودی پس از سیل بازسازی شود.

#### rely



# متکی بودن ، اعتماد کردن

**■**(1)

[rıˈlaɪ] v.

To rely on something or someone is to trust or depend on them.

Example: The boy relied on his older brother to help him.

یسر به برادرش اعتماد کرد که به او کمک می کند.

#### shock



# شوكه شدن



[ʃɒk] v.

To shock people is to surprise them.

Example: The man was shocked by the news.

مرد توسط خبر شوکه شد.

#### shy



#### خجالتي



[ʃaɪ] adj.

When people are shy, they are nervous around people strange to them.

Example: The girl was too shy to try out for the play.

دختر آن قدر خجالتی بود که نمیتوانست بازی را امتحان کند.

#### stare



[stɛə:r] v.



To stare at something is to look at it for a long time.

Example: The young couple stared into each other's eyes.

زوج جوان به چشم های یکدیگر خیره شدند.

#### thus



# بنابراين



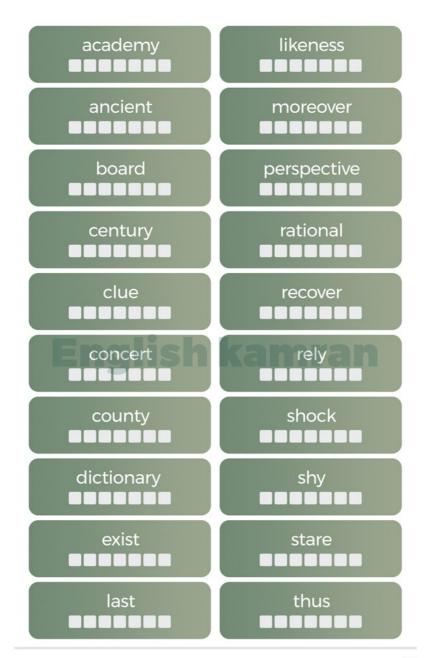
[ðʌs] adv.

Thus means as

a result or for that reason.

Example: The sun was shining. Thus, I wore my sunglasses.

خورشید می تابید بنابراین عینک آفتابی ام را پوشیدم.



Language Notes :	
English kamran	

# LESSON 10

# appreciate



# قدردانی کردن ، تقدیر کردن

(a) [a'pri:sieit] v.

To appreciate something is to understand its good qualities.

Example: I can appreciate the lovely scenery.

می توانم آن منظره دوست داشتنی را حس کنم.

#### available



#### موجود ، در دسترس

(a) [ə'veiləb(ə)l] adj.

If something is available, it means you can get it.

Example: There were many seats available in the room.

تعداد زیادی صندلی در اتاق موجود بود.

#### beat

# شکست دادن ، برنده شدن ، زدن

[biːt] v.

To beat someone means to do better than they do.

Example: I managed to beat everyone in the race.

موفق شدم همه رو در مسابقه شکست بدهم

#### bright



# درخشان ، روشن

**■**(1)

[brʌɪt] adj.

If something is bright, it shows a lot of light.

Example: The bright light from the explosion hurt my eyes.

نور درخشان تابیده شده از انفجار، به چشمانم صدمه زد.

#### celebrate



# جشن گرفتن

**■(1)** 

['sɛlıbreıt] v.

To celebrate is to do something to show that an event is special.

Example: We all celebrated when we heard the great news.

همه ما وقتی خبر عالی را شنیدیم چشن گرفتیم.

#### determine



# تعیین کردن ، مشخص کردن

(tə:min] v.

To determine means to choose or make a decision.

Example: He tried to determine which one to eat first.

او سعی کرد مشخص کند که کدام یک را ابتدا بخورد

# disappear





To disappear means to go away or not be seen.

Example: The top of the building is disappearing in the clouds.

بالای ساختمان در حال نایدید شدن در ابرها است.

#### else



دیگر

**■**(1)

[ɛls] adi.

If you talk about something else, you talk about something different.

Example: I wanted a bike for my birthday, but I got something else.

من برای تولدم دوچرخه می خواستم، اما چیز دیگری گرفتم.

#### fair



منصفانه ها) [fɛː] adj.

Fair describes treating someone in a way that is reasonable or right.

Example: He sold me his car for a fair price.

او ماشینش را با یک قیمت مناسب به من فروخت.

#### expense



#### هزينه



An expense is the money that people spend on something.

Example: She wrote down all the expenses for her trip.

او تمام هزینه های سفرش را یادداشت کرد.

#### formal





If something is formal, it is done in an official way.

Example: It was a formal dinner, so we wore our best clothes.

آن یک شام رسمی بود، بنابراین بهترین لباس هایمان را پوشیدیم.

# height



قد

**■**(1)

[haɪt] n.

Height is how tall someone or something is.

Example: My height is 168 centimeters.

قد من 168 سانتی متر است.

#### invent



# اختراع كردن



[in'vent] v.

To invent something is to create something that never existed before.

Example: My grandfather has invented some interesting things.

پدربزرگم چیزهای جالبی را اختراع کرده است.

#### junio



# تازه کار

(dʒuːnjər] adj.

If someone is junior in their job, they do not have a lot of power.

Example: When she started at the company, she was only a junior manager.

هنگامی که او در این شرکت شروع به کار کرد تنها یک مدیر تازه کار بود.

#### labor



[leibər] n.



Labor is the act of doing or making something.

Example: Building the house took a lot of labor.

ساختن خانه کار زیادی برد.

#### mechanic



# مکانیک ، تعمیرکار

(n. [məˈkænɪk] n.

A mechanic is someone who fixes vehicles or machines.

Example: We took the car to the mechanic to be fixed.

ما ماشین را به تعمیرکار دادیم تا تعمیر شود.



# اصلي

**■**(1)

[praim] adj.

If something is prime,

it is the most important one.

Example: Dirty air is a prime cause of illness.

هوای آلوده عامل اصلی پیماری است.

#### shift



# تغییر مکان ، جهت دادن



[[ift] v.

To shift to something is to move into a new place or direction.

Example: He shifted to the other side of the table to eat his breakfast.

او برای خوردن صبحانه اش به آن طرف میز تغییر مکان داد.

# signal





A signal is a sound or action that tells someone to do something.

Example: The coach blew his whistle as a signal to begin the game.

مربی در سوت خود به عنوان علامتی برای شروع بازی دمید.

#### sincere



### بی ریا ، صادق

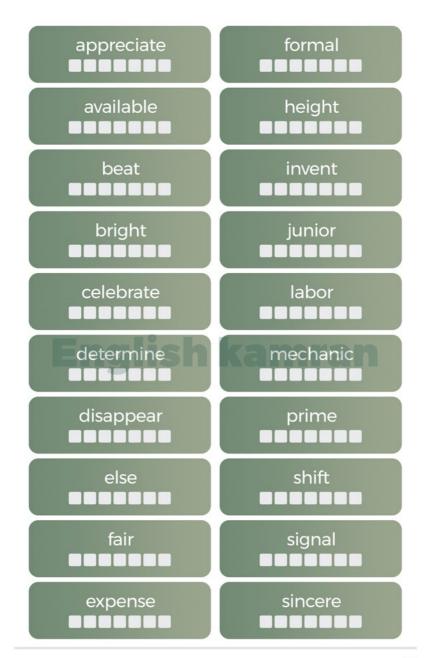
(sın'sıər] adj.

When people are sincere,

they tell the truth.

Example: He sounded sincere when he apologized to me.

هنگامی که از من عذرخواهی کرد بسیار صادق به نظر میرسید.



La	nguage Notes :
	English kamran

# LESSON 11

#### argue



# بحث كردن



['aːgjuː] v.

To argue is to angrily speak to someone because you do not agree.

Example: We argued about where to go for dinner.

ما در مورد اینکه کجا برای شام برویم، بحث کردیم.

#### communicate



# گفتگو کردن، ارتباط برقرار کردن



To communicate is to give information by talking, writing, etc.

Example: I communicated with Paul about his new ideas.

با پاول، درباره ایده های جدیدش صحبت کردم.

#### crowd





A crowd is a

large group of people.

Example: A large crowd had gathered on the street to see the accident.

جمعیت کثیری در خیابان جمع شده بودند که آن حادثه را ببینند.

#### depend



بستگی داشتن، وابسته بودن

m()

[dı'pɛnd] v.

To depend on someone or something is to need them.

Example: Children depend on their parents for many things.

بچه ها برای بسیاری از چیزها به والدین خود وابسته هستند.

#### dish



ظرف، بشقاب

**■**(1)

[dɪʃ] n.

A dish

is a plate.

Example: She put a clean white dish on the table.

ظرف سفید تمیزی را روی میز گذاشت.

#### empty



خالي

(a) ['εm(p)ti] adj.

If something is empty,

it does not have anything in it.

Example: My gas tank was almost empty, so I couldn't drive my car very long.

باک بنزین من تقریبا خالی بود، بنابراین نتوانستم با ماشینم خیلی طولانی رانندگی کنم.

#### exact





If something is exact, it is just the right amount.

Example: Please use the exact amount of sugar for the cake.

لطفا مقدار دقیق شکر را برای کیک به کار ببرید.

#### fresh



تازه

**■(1)** 

[fre[] adj.

If something is fresh,

it is new.

Example: I just bought these oranges. They are very fresh.

من تازه این پرتقال ها را خریدم. آن ها بسیار تازه هستند.

#### gather



# جمع كردن



[ˈgaðə] v.

To gather is to collect several things usually from different places.

Example: Sam gathered some flowers for his mother.

سام چند گل برای مادرش جمع کرد.

#### faith



# ایمان، باور



[feiθ] n.

When people have faith in something, they believe in it and trust it.

Example: The sick girl had faith in doctors. She knew they would make her better.

دختر بیمار به پزشکان ایمان داشت .او می دانست که آنها او را بهتر می کنند.

### grain







Grain is food crops such as wheat, corn, rice or oats.

Example: The farmer planted two fields of grain this year.

کشاورز امسال دو مزرعه غلات داشت.

#### greet



# استقبال كردن



[griːt] v.

To greet someone means to meet and welcome them.

Example: When my friend came over, I greeted him at the door.

هنگامی که دوستم به آنجا آمد من دم در از او استقبال کردم.

#### investigate



# تحقیق کردن، بررسی کردن

(in'vestageit] v.

To investigate means to search for something or learn about it.

Example: The detective went to investigate the crime.

کاراگاه رفت تا درباره جنایت تحقیق کند.

#### joy



# لذت بردن

**■**(1)

[dʒɔɪ] n.

Joy is a feeling you get when you are really happy.

Example: I love baseball. I feel joy when I play.

من بیسبال را دوست دارم .هنگامی که بازی میکنم احساس لذت می کنم.

#### label



['leı bəl] n.



A label is a tag that tells about something.

Example: The label on the back of your shirt will tell you what size it is.

برچسب پشت پیراهن به شما اندازه آن را نشان خواهد داد.

#### monk



#### راحب

**■**(1)

[mʌŋk] n.

A monk is a religious person who lives a simple life.

Example: The monks knew a lot about religion.

راحبان درباره ی مذهب چیزهای زیادی می دانستند.

### odd



# عجيب، غيرعادي

**■**(1)

[bd] adj.

When something is odd,

it is unusual.

Example: Her cat is odd. It walks on two feet.

گربه ی او عجیب غریب است .او روی دو یا راه میرود.

#### pause



# مكث كردن

·(I)

[poiz] v.

To pause means to stop doing something for a while.

Example: Since she was so hungry, she paused to make a snack.

از آنجایی که او بسیار گرسنه بود مکث کرد تا میان وعده بخورد.

#### priest





A priest is a person trained to perform religious duties.

Example: The priest taught us about God.

کشیش درباره ی خدا به ما آموزش داد.

#### profession



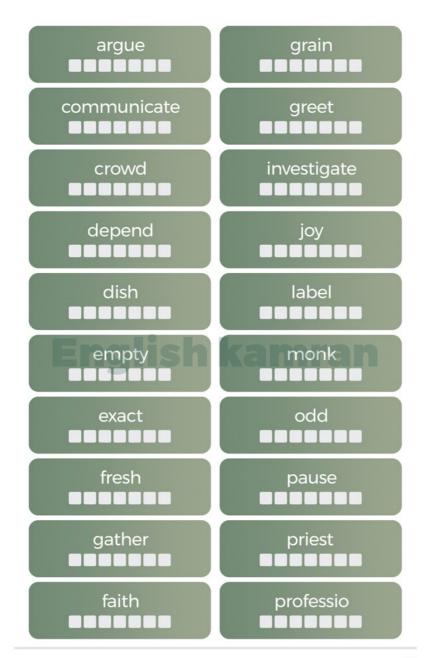
# شغل، حرفه

() [prəˈfeʃən] n.

A profession is a person's job.

Example: He loved sailing, so he chose to work on ships as a profession.

> او شیفته ی سفر دریایی بود .بنابراین کار روی کشتی ها را به عنوان یک حرفه انتخاب کرد



Language Notes :	
<b>English kamran</b>	

# LESSON 12



زنده **■(1)** [əˈlʌɪv] adj.

If someone or something is alive, they are not dead.

Example: My grandparents are still alive even though they are over 90.

> یدر و مادربزرگ من هنوز زنده هستند، اگر چه بیش از 91 سال سن دارند.

#### bone



استخوان

m(1) [bəʊn] n.

A bone is a hard part of the body.

Example: I brought home a nice bone for my dog.

برای سگم یک استخوان خوب به خانه آوردم.

#### bother

# زحمت دادن ، دردسر دادن



To bother is to make the effort to do something.

Example: No one bothered to wash the dishes today.

امروز هیچ کس به خود زحمت شستن ظرف ها را نداد.

### captain



# ناخدا ، كاييتان

**■**(1)

['kaptın] n.

A captain is the person who leads a ship or airplane.

Example: The captain sailed his ship to Australia.

ناخدا، کشتی خود را به طرف استرالیا حرکت داد.

#### conclusion



# نتيجه ، پايان

(a) [kən'klu:ʒ(ə)n] n

The conclusion of something is the final part of it.

Example: At the conclusion of the race, the spectators cheered for the winner.

در پایان مسابقه، تماشاچیان برای برنده هورا کشیدند.

#### doubt



# شک ، تردید

**■**(1)

[daʊt] n.

Doubt is a feeling of not being sure.

Example: I have doubt that the story is true.

شک دارم که داستان واقعی باشد.

# explore



[ık'splɔː] v.



To explore is to look for new places.

Example: He wants to explore the world and see new things.

او می خواهد دنیا را کاوش کند و چیزهای جدیدی ببیند .

#### foreign



# خارجي

**■**(1)

['fprin] adj.

If something is foreign, it is from a different country.

Example: Mexican food is a popular foreign food.

غذای مکزیکی یکی از غذاهای محبوب خارجی است.

#### glad



# خوشحال

**■(1)** 

[glæd] adj.

If you are glad, you are happy.

Example: I am glad you came to my party.

خوشحالم که شما به مهمانی من آمدید.

#### indeed



# حقيقتا ، واقعا

(In'di:d] adv.

Indeed means truly or really

Example: The birthday party was indeed fun last night.

ديشب مهماني تولد واقعا سرگرم كننده بود.

# interpret





To interpret is to explain what something means.

Example: The woman interpreted what her co-worker was trying to say.

زن آنچه را که همکارش سعی میکرد بگوید تفسیر کرد.

### kindly



# با مهربانی

(i) ['kaındlı] adv.

If people do something kindly, they do it in a nice way.

Example: The stranger kindly cared for the hurt man.

غريبه با مهرباني از مرد آسيب ديده نگهداري كرد.

#### motive



# انگیزه



[moutiv] n.

A motive is the reason someone does something.

Example: His motive for studying so hard is to get into a good college.

انگیزه او از مطالعه بسیار سخت رسیدن به یک دانشگاه خوب است.

#### nest



#### لانه



[nest] n.

A nest is a place where a bird lays its eggs.

Example: The bird laid her eggs in the nest that she made.

پرنده تخم هایش را در لانه ای که درست کرده بود گذاشت.

#### origin



[ˈɒrədʒɪn] n.



The origin of someone or something is where they come from.

Example: The origin of the honey that we eat is from a beehive.

منبع عسلی که می خوریم از یک کندوی عسل است.

#### reception



#### مهماني



[rıˈsepʃən] n.

A reception is a party to welcome a person or celebrate an event.

Example: We all danced and had a good time at the wedding reception.

همه ما در مهمانی عروسی رقصیدیم و اوقات خوبی داشتیم.

#### reiect



# رد کردن ، نپذیرفتن

**■**(1)

[rı'dʒekt] v.

To reject is to refuse something because you do not want it.

Example: The girl rejected the broken cup.

دختر فنجان شكسته را نيذيرفت.

#### silence



# سكوت



[ˈsaɪləns] n.

Silence is complete quiet.

Example: The man asked for silence while he worked on the problem.

مرد هنگام کار کردن روی مسئله تقاضای سکوت کرد.

#### stream



[striːm] n.



A stream is a small river.

Example: The boy caught a fish in the stream.

یسر یک ماهی از رود گرفت.

#### tone



لحن

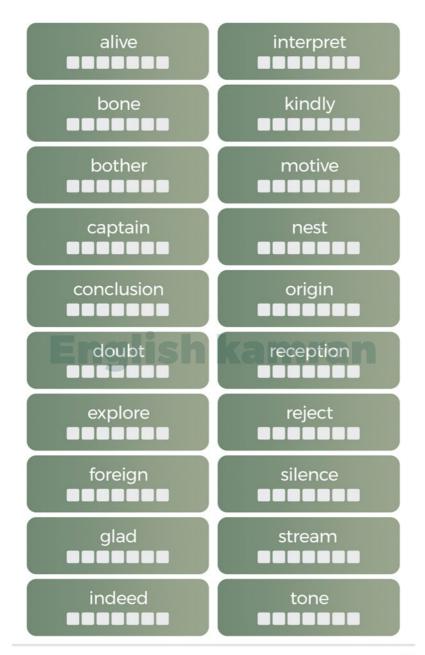


[təʊn] n.

Tone is the sound of someone's voice. It shows how they feel.

Example: My father's tone told me I had broken the rule.

لحن پدرم به من گفت که من قانون را شکسته بودم.



Langua	ge Notes :			
E	nglisl	h ka	mra	n

# LESSON 13



# رسیدن ، به دست آوردن

**■()** 

[əˈtʃiːv] v.

To achieve something is to successfully do it after trying hard.

Example: I was happy that I could achieve my goal.

خوشحال بودم که می توانستم به هدفم برسم

#### advise



# مشاوره دادن ، مشورت دادن

m(1)

[əd'vʌɪz] v.

To advise someone is to tell them what to do.

Example: My mother often advises people about their money.

مادرم اغلب به مردم درباره پولشان مشاوره می دهد.

#### already



# از قبل ، پیش از این

If something happens already, it happens before a certain time.

Example: It is already time for the movie to start. Let's go in.

زمان شروع فيلم گذشته. بيا برويم داخل.

#### basic



# ابتدایی ، پایه ای ، اساسی

(beisik] adj.

If something is basic,

it is very simple or easy.

Example: I learned some basic English skills in school today.

من امروز برخی مهارت های ابتدایی انگلیسی را در مدرسه یاد گرفتم.

bit



ذره ، تکه 🌖 (bit] n.

A bit is a small amount of something.

Example: I ate a bit of chocolate before I went to bed.

قبل از این که به تختخواب بروم، یک تکه شکلات خوردم.

consider



(kənˈsɪdə] v.

To consider something means to think about it.

Example: Pete didn't like his job. He considered getting a new one.

پیت کارش رو دوست نداشت. او به این فکر افتاد که کار جدیدی انجام دهد.

destroy



[dıˈstrɔɪ] v.

To destroy means to damage something so badly that it cannot be used.

Example: The glass was destroyed.

شیشه نابود شده بود.

entertain



سرگرم کردن

(sntəˈteɪn] v.

To entertain someone is to do something that they enjoy.

Example: The clown entertained the kids at the party.

دلقک بچه ها را در میهمانی سرگرم کرد .



# اضافي

**■**(1)

['ekstrə] adj.

If something is extra,

it is more than what is needed.

Example: The squirrel had extra nuts for the winter.

سنجاب براي زمستان آجيل اضافي داشت.

#### immigrant



#### مهاجر



['imigrant] n.

An immigrant is a person who moves to a different country.

**Example: My parents were immigrants. They came** from Poland.

يدر و مادرم مهاجر بودند .آنها از لهستان آمدند.

#### insert



To insert something means to put it in something else.

Example: The mailman inserted the letter into the mailbox.

پستچی نامه را در صندوق پست قرار داد.





# لحظه ، دم ، آن



['instant] n.

An instant is a very short amount of time.

Example: A microwave oven cooks food in an instant.

یک اجاق مایکرویو در یک لحظه غذا را می یزد.

#### poverty



# فقر ، تنگدستی

**■**(1)

['povətı] n.

Poverty is the state of being poor.

Example: Poverty is a problem in many countries around the world.

فقر یکی از مشکالت در بسیاری از کشورهای جهان است.

#### pretend



# تظاهر کردن ، وانمود کردن

**■**(1)

prı'tend] v.

To pretend means to make believe something is real.

Example: The boy liked to pretend he was a king.

پسر دوست داشت که وانمود کند یک پادشاه است.

#### rank



[ræŋk] n.



A person's rank is their place in an order of people.

Example: The man got to the rank of captain in the navy.

مرد به مقام ناخدایی نیروی دریایی رسید.

#### recognition



# قدردانی ، سیاسگزاری

() [rekəgˈnɪʃən] n.

Recognition is getting praise from other people.

Example: The hero got recognition for his brave deed.

قهرمان برای عمل شجاعانه اش مورد قدردانی قرار گرفت.

#### refrigerate



ر ( در یخچال و غیره ) سرد نگه داشتن ، خنک کردن ( در یخچال و غیره ) سرد نگه داشتن ، خنک کردن

To refrigerate something means to make it cold.

Example: Grocery stores refrigerate fruit to make it last long.

فروشگاه های مواد غذایی میوه ها را برای ماندگاری بیشتر سرد نگه می دارند.

#### rent



# اجاره (ا▶

Rent is the money people pay to someone to live in a certain place.

Example: To live in this house, I have to pay rent at the start of each month.

برای زندگی در این خانه، مجبورم اجاره را اول هر ماه پرداخت کنم.

#### retire



[rıˈtaɪər] v.

[rent] n.



To retire is to leave a job, usually because of old age.

Example: My father is sixty-five years old. He is about to retire from work.

پدرم 65 سال دارد .او به بازنشسته شدن از کار نزدیک است.

#### statistic



# آمار

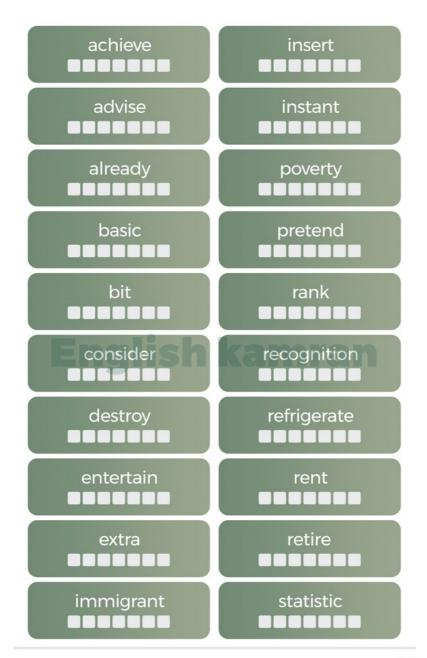


[stəˈtɪstɪk] n.

A statistic is a number that tells a fact about something.

Example: The statistics showed that we did just as well this year as last year.

آمار نشان داد که ما به همان خوبی سال گذشته کار کردیم.



English kamran	
English kamran	



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